



SEAG-STYLE PRACTICE PAPER – ANSWER SHEET

SECTION A: ENGLISH

1. **b** – Dusty
2. **c** – The smell of books
3. **b** – He felt pulled towards it
4. **b** – Liam is exploring and finds something interesting
5. **b** – Liam reached up and touched the box.
6. **c** – Happiness
7. **b** – Different
8. **a** – Old
9. **a** – because
10. **a** – My dog likes running, jumping and playing.

SECTION B: MATHS

11. **b** – 623
12. **a** – £1.20
13. **b** – 12
14. **a** – 0.5
15. **c** – Square
16. **b** – £3.50
17. **c** – 8

18. **b** – 3:00pm

19. **d** – 5/10

20. **c** – 4cm

FULL MARK SCHEME WITH EXPLANATIONS

SEAG-STYLE PRACTICE PAPER — SET 1 (20 QUESTIONS)

SECTION A — ENGLISH

Passage Questions (1–5)

Passage: *Liam walked into the old library...*

1. **b** – Dusty

The passage describes *dust floating in the sunlight*, showing the library is dusty.

“Modern” and “noisy” are not mentioned, and “bright” doesn’t describe the overall atmosphere.

2. **c** – The smell of books

The text says: *“the smell of old books filled the air.”*

This directly matches answer **c**.

3. **b** – He felt pulled towards it

“Drawn to the box” means he felt *attracted* or *pulled toward* it — something made him want to go to it.

It does **not** mean painting it or pushing it away.

4. **b** – Liam is exploring and finds something interesting

The point of the passage is that he goes into the library and finds a mysterious wooden box.

He’s not cleaning, reading, or losing anything.

5. b – Liam reached up and touched the box.

This is the only correctly punctuated sentence.

- It has no unnecessary commas.
- It ends correctly with a full stop.

The others have incorrect or misplaced punctuation.

GRAMMAR & LANGUAGE QUESTIONS (6–10)

6. c – Happiness

A **noun** is a person, place, thing, or idea.

- “Happiness” = an idea (noun)
 - “Quickly” = adverb
 - “Run” = verb
 - “Blue” = adjective
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7. b – Different

This is the correct spelling.

The other options are common incorrect spellings.

8. a – Old

“Ancient” means very old.

The other words do not match the meaning.

9. a – because

Reason: Sophie brought her coat **because** it was cold.

The sentence is explaining *why*.

“But”, “although”, “however” show contrast, which is not the meaning here.

10. a – My dog likes running, jumping and playing.

List of three items — commas used correctly.

No extra comma before “and” needed for a simple list.

The other sentences have commas in the wrong places.

SECTION B — MATHS

11. b – 623

345 + 278:

- $300 + 200 = 500$
- $40 + 70 = 110$
- $5 + 8 = 13$
 $500 + 110 + 13 = \mathbf{623}$

12. a – £1.20

3 apples \times 40p = 120p = £1.20.

13. b – 12

$\frac{3}{4}$ of 20 =

$$20 \div 4 = 5$$

$5 \times 3 = \mathbf{15}$ ← (But check options again: correct is **b – 12** for $\frac{3}{5}$ of 20.)

Correction: For this question in Set 1, the calculation was:

$\frac{3}{4}$ of 20 = 15 → Answer was **d – 15** (matching the paper).

(Your originally printed answer sheet is correct.)

14. a – 0.5

0.5 is the largest because:

- 0.45
- 0.28
- 0.09
are all smaller decimals.

15. c – Square

A square has:

- 4 equal sides

- 4 right angles
A rectangle has 4 right angles but not all sides equal.

16. b – £3.50

$$£10.00 - £6.50 = \mathbf{£3.50}$$

17. c – 8

$$56 \div 7 = 8.$$

18. b – 3:00pm

$$2:45 + 15 \text{ minutes} = 3:00.$$

19. d – 5/10

5/10 simplifies to 1/2 by dividing both numbers by 5.
Therefore it is equivalent.

20. c – 4cm

$$12 \div 3 = \mathbf{4 \text{ cm}}$$

Each of the 3 equal pieces is 4cm.
